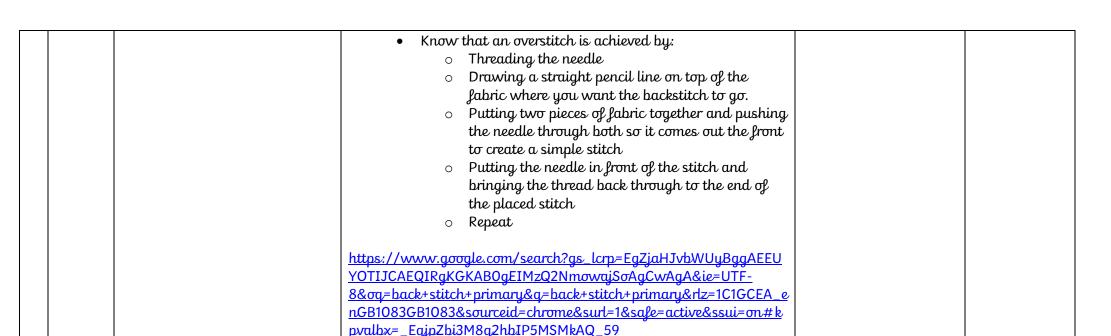
Year 3 MTP
Summer 1
Textiles
Magic Chalk Holder

Lesson title	Objective / content	Knowledge				Previous curriculum Inks	Vocabulary
Evaluat e existing product s	To explore, investigate and analyse a range of existing products	the children that during that in DT this year the own 'magic chalk' (she have). Explain that before we of textile pouches to consider the second size of the second state of the second size of the second state of the second size of the second state of the second state of the second size of the second state of the second stat	ng this story the ney are going to wow children the e do that, we ne create ideas for out that simple text acle cases, draw if for different pure and seam alone (what would in the context of the contex	ile containers e.g. purse -string bags are created rposes. Focus the childr	lk and for their will s types es, d in ren's	links Year 2: Puppets	Aesthetics Function / purpose Fastening: zip, press stud, hook and eye, Velcro, button, buckle Wear Fibers
				Velcro Velcro thing that can be attactal to be fastened / secu			

Task - evaluate the purpose, function and aesthetics of various money containers. To identify the strengths and weaknesses and express their personal preference and how they could apply it to their design and product. Children to explore various fastenings on these products and their strength/suitability/function.

Skills	To be able to recap the stitch (running stitch) they've learnt previously. To continue to practise threading and using a needle. To learn the overstitch	 (RP) Recall and know how to safely thread a needle (refer back to year 2 summer 1 MTP) (RP) Running stitch – good for assembling pieces of light fabrics Children to briefly sew together two pieces of felt material to remind them how to successfully complete a running stitch. Knot at the end Have more thread than the length of the seam Small stitches, close together. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=i1-B01FB56s 	Year 2: Puppets	Running stitch Thread Needle Overstitch Fray Seam
		Introduce new stitch: Backstitch https://www.google.com/search?gs_lcrp=EgZjaHJvbWUyBggAEEU YOTIJCAEQIRgKGKABOgEIMzQ2NmowajSoAgCwAgA&ie=UTF- &&oq=back+stitch+primary&q=back+stitch+primary&rlz=1C1GCEA_e nGB1083GB1083&sourceid=chrome&surl=1&safe=active&ssui=on#k pvalbx=_EqjpZbi3M8q2hbIP5MSMkAQ_59 • Understand that backstitch is a stronger stitch than running stitch and is useful when joining two pieces of material together.		



Task – recap using the running stitch and practise using the backstitch. Let children compare the stitches after practising them— which one would be more useful to stitch the money container so that there are no gaps for the money to fall out from.

Skills	To be able to sew a fastening correctly	Explain to children that from all the fastenings which we looked at, the children are able to use the following for their textile container: • Buttons • Press studs • Zip Discuss why other fasteners might not be possible: • Velcro – material is too strong to manually sew to material (needs a sewing machine) • Buckle – needs a machine to attach it to material Model how to sew a button and a press stud (same technique) • Know how to add/stitch a button • https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xNy9hLClONM&t=1	ar 2: Puppets	Design Annotate Fastening
Sequence 4		https://www.wikihow.life/Sew-a-Button 1. Choose a button and a thread 2. Thread the needle 3. Tie a knot at the end of the thread 4. Place the button where you wish to stitch it on to 5. Push the needle through the bottom of the fabric and through one of the holes of the button – the thread and needle should come out the top 6. Push the needle through the other hole and back out the bottom 7. Note – if there are two holes in the button, change between the two you are threading through. If there are four, go to the opposite hole so that an 'X' is formed at the bottom of the fabric		

Task – children to practise attaching buttons and press studs to a piece of material						
	Design	To design their textile holder	Show the children the various types of material which they can use for their textile holder.	Year 2: Puppets		
			Explain to the children that they will need to measure the correct length of material (slightly bigger than the chalk).			
Sequence 5			 Understand that a paper template can be measured and cut out (a pattern) which can then be pinned to the material and then cut out. Understand that the children will need two pieces of material which they will need to sew together using overstitch and running stitch. Understand that the children need to choose their fastener for their holder. 			
	Task Idea: Children to design (including measurements) their textile holder and then cut the material out using a paper pattern (ready to make next					

sequence)

Sequence 5	Make	To make their textile holder	Children are to make their textile holder using their material and fasteners from the previous week and using stitches taught. This will need a longer session.	Year 2: Puppets	Make Health and safety Button Fastening Stitch Felt
Tas	sk – childre	en to make their own money contai	ner with a fastening.		
Sequence 6	Evaluat e	To evaluate their textile holder	 Recall that evaluation is a process when product/process is checked whether it works well and if anything can be corrected or improve Understand that the seams need to be stitched well and should not allow the chalk to fall through Evaluate Is the textile holder stitched together well? Are there any holes that could let the chalk fall out? Is there a fastening included to helps to keep the chalk secured/fastened/closed? Has the material been cut accurately and neatly? 	Year 2: Puppets	Evaluate Improve Change Test
Tas	sk – childre	en to evaluate their money containe	er against the design criteria and the existing products they have explo	red	