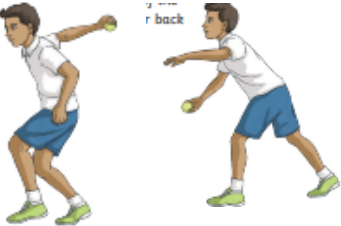

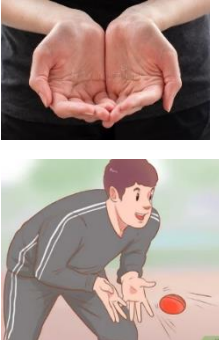


Year 3 - cricket	Knowledge	Vocabulary
	<p>Know that cricket is a striking and fielding game – like rounders.</p> <p>Know that in cricket, we have a batting (striking) team and a fielding team and they will swap allowing each team to do both. The purpose of the batting team is to score as many runs as possible and the fielding team needs to prevent them scoring runs.</p> <p>Know that there are different ways of fielding: stopping the ball, catching the ball, throwing the ball back to the stumps.</p> <p><u>Throwing</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know that accurate throwing is important because if our throw is inaccurate the batting team will score more points. <p>Know how to perform an under arm throw:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Face the direction you are throwing in Hold your throwing arm straight behind your body Swing your arm forwards from low to high Step forward as you swing your arm Fingers of non-throwing hand pointing at target Release the ball when it is at your waist  <p>Correcting misconceptions – if the ball goes too low, they are releasing it too early. If it goes too high, they're releasing it too late.</p> <p>Know how to perform an overarm throw:</p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stand sideways on to the direction you are throwing Non-throwing arm out in front pointing at your target Raise the throwing arm behind your head at shoulder height – elbow bent Step towards your target with the opposite foot to the throwing arm Bring throwing arm forwards releasing the ball when it is in line with your head <p><u>Catching</u></p> <p>Know that catching consistently is very important. A dropped catch can mean a player not being out or them getting around the bases safely.</p> <p>Know how to catch:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make a nice big target with your hands Keep your eyes on the ball Let the ball come to you Have soft hands to allow to the ball to stay in your hands 	<p><u>Session 1</u> Fielding/fielder Batting/ batter Striking Accuracy Wicket keeper</p> <p><u>Session 2</u> Overarm</p> <p><u>Session 4</u> Catching Soft hands Concentrate</p>

Know the correct way to grip a cricket bat:

- Place the bat on the floor so the batting (flat side) is face down and the spine is facing upwards
- Grip the bat with your palm facing down and your thumb and index finger making a 'V' that goes down the spine of the bat.
- Your dominant hand should be at the bottom of the grip and the weaker hand above.



Know how to strike the ball:

- Bring the bat up and through
- Do not swipe sideways like in rounders
- Know that to hit the ball left, you need to move your back foot to the right to open your body up. To hit the ball right, your back foot will move to the left to open your body up.
- **Common misconception – the children often turn the bat in their hands and swing with the narrow edge of the bat facing the ball which makes it tough to hit.**

Know where to strike the ball:

- When batting, you aim to strike the ball into space away from the fielders to allow more time to run.

Year 3 – Cricket – Sum 1

Vocabulary list

Fielding/fielder - player attempting to stop the ball and return it after it has been hit by a batter in an attempt to prevent runs/rounders

Batting/ batter - the player with the bat trying to strike the ball to make runs

Striking – using the bat to make good contact with the ball

Accuracy – sending the ball close to the target

Wicket keeper - fielder who stands behind the stumps

Overarm – throwing the ball from over the shoulder to gain extra distance

Catching – receiving the ball before it hits the ground

Soft hands - keeping the hands soft and allowing the ball to fall into them – not be aggressive when catching