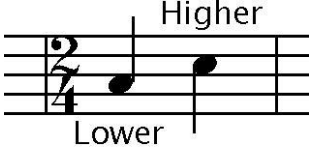





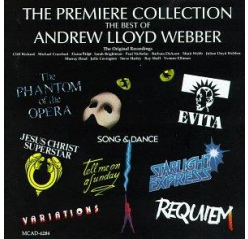






River Bank Primary Knowledge Organiser	Year Two	Autumn 1	Pitch
Key Vocabulary		Important Facts	
<p>Timbre – the different sounds made by different voices or instruments. <i>Voice – whisper, hum, sing or talk.</i></p> <p>Pulse– the steady beat felt throughout the music. <i>You might tap your toe in time with the music.</i></p> <p>Rhythm – follows the pattern of words. It is often different to the pulse. <i>You can clap the rhythm of the words.</i></p>		  	
Notation for this term		Tuned Instruments	
			
Composer for the half term			
<p>Sir Andrew Lloyd Webber</p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • born 22 March 1948 • wrote his first piece of music aged 6! • 15 musicals that have been on Broadway or the West End, some for ten or more years. • Won 7 Tony awards, 3 Grammy awards, 1 Oscar, 6 Olivier awards and a Golden Globe. 			





What does 'pulse' mean?

- a) the different types of notes you sing
- b) the high and low notes
- c) the beat of the music
- d) the time you count in

What does 'ta' look like?

- a) 
- b) 
- c) 
- d) 

What does 'te-te' look like?

- a) 
- b) 
- c) 
- d) 

Who is the composer for this half term?

- a) Julian Lloyd Webber
- b) Mozart
- c) Andrew Lloyd Webber
- d) Paul McCartney

Can you name these instruments?



- a) cello
- b) violin
- c) guitar
- d) piano






- a) trumpet
- b) tuba
- c) trombone
- d) recorder



- a) clarinet
- b) flute
- c) recorder
- d) oboe

What would a rest look like?

- a) 
- b) Sssh
- c) 
- d) 

What is rhythm?

- a) follows the patterns of the words
- b) the types of notes you read
- c) the beat of the music
- d) the time you count in

What style of music does he compose?

- a) musicals
- b) operas
- c) church music
- d) pop music